



REDCLIFF REVIEW

OUR SLOGAN: An Industrial Metropolis of Industrious People Who Pull Together.

Volume 17.

THE REDCLIFF REVIEW. THURSDAY, DEC. 26th, 1929

Number 42

Town Council Has

A Short Session

Mayor To Entertain Council To Dinner Next Monday

A very short session of the Town Council was held last Monday evening. Only the Mayor and councillors Brydie, Campana and Dacre were present.

In the business arising out of the minutes councillor Brydie reported that the light in the old ornamental building for which he had made an offer had been stolen but that he had secured the hanger for which he paid \$2.

Mr. S. Bailey united on council regarding back rent on house he had purchased from the town. He stated he understood the price accepted by council was all that was expected. Council decided that all back rent should be paid.

Mr. Kitchen reported progress on the investigation into Domingo Grehouse water bill. He said he had tested the meter and had found it out of order. He also reported that most back water accounts had been paid, and the rest delinquents had promised settlement by the end of year.

On motion of councillors Dacre and Brydie the offer for the Bowlhouse was rejected.

The offer of Mr. McKenny of \$75.00 for building on Broadway was accepted.

The provincial health officer reported that as a result of his inspection recently the town was in a satisfactory condition.

Mr. Bechtholz wrote asking for price of rent on ornamental iron works building for three years with option of buying. The rate for rental was set at \$30.00 a month provided he stored machinery now in the building.

Mr. Kitchen reported that the gas line from the pump station to the Brick & Coal plant was not in good condition and suggested that council get into communication with the Brick & Coal regarding having conditions improved. On motion of councillors Brydie and Dacre the Mayor was instructed to interview the management of the Brick & Coal in this connection. It was explained that the Brick & Coal was expected to supply gas in exchange for water.

Before adjourning the Mayor wished all councillors and officials "A Merry Christmas" and invited them to dinner at his home on Monday, December 30th.

A few weeks ago a mite box was placed in J. Bergeron's store and customers dropped their spare pennies in it. The proceeds were to be divided for three children to provide them with a little Christmas cheer. The box was opened last Tuesday and contained a very gratifying amount which was divided as above.

A strong wind from the south last Friday and Saturday drifted the roads up badly for the Christmas shoppers from the country. The chitlock which followed, however, has taken almost all the snow away again.

The fine doll which was put up in Bergeron's store, to be given away to the one guessing the name of the doll, was won by Sid Harper with the name "Clady."

School News

The following shows the standing of pupils of grades VII and VIII in the Christmas tests:

The figures show the percent.

Grade VII
Agatha Rayner, 76; Lillian Leuning, 75; Jimmy Brown, 74; May Snook, 71; Stella McCreary, 70; Harold Leuning, 68; Ted Masekell, 68; Oliver Smith 67; Sam Fulton, 66; Paul Garrecht, 65; Pearl Moore, 63; Louise Smith 63; Rolt Buchholz, 63; John Snook, 62; Annie Todd, 62; Margaret Johnson, 60; Teddie Lawson, 39 (due to absence); Chas. Miller, 35, (due to absence)

Grade VIII
Florence Jacobson, 67; Willie Pearson, 64; Emma Podesta, 63; Eric Conzram, 63; Willie Caine, 63; Raymond Dubau, 62; Bodwin Evans, 60; Edith Colard, 59; Mary Broughton, 59; Edmund Lyon, 57; Myrtle Skidmore, 57; Keith Ellis, 57; Grace Masekell, 56; Bertie Podesta, 55; James Fulton, 55; Fern Rindahl, 46; Geo. Kitchen, 46; Sarah Davies, 46; (due to absence)

Here and There

Extremes in ocean travel were experienced recently by Baron van Hardenbroek van Lockhorst, Dutch nobleman who was in Canada purchasing black furs for his ranch in Holland. He came to Canada on S.S. Empress of France, one of the most luxurious ships on the St. Lawrence. He travelled back on Canadian Pacific freighter Resolute with the 14 pairs of valuable animals he had purchased in Prince Edward Island.

A romance of mingling has been disclosed in Nova Scotia where a long abandoned mine was investigated and found to contain one of the richest gold lodes ever discovered in the province. The mine had been worked with crude methods many years ago and then given up. New claims have now been filed and prospects are very encouraging. There are said to be many abandoned mines of rich possibilities in the province.

Carrying 255 passengers and a total of almost two million Japanese oranges, first cargo of the Canadian Pacific liner Empress of Asia, left for Japan. The vessel had aboard a number of Canadian delegates to the Pacific Relations Conference held at Kyoto, Japan.

Direct contradiction of the opinion of Col. Frederick Palmer, American war correspondent, that it would be well for the Christians to withdraw their missionaries from the Orient, has been voiced by Bishop W. H. Answorth, Macon, Ga., who was a passenger recently on the S.S. Empress of Asia. "Christian missions to China and Japan were never done better than at present," said the bishop who is in charge of Eastern Missions for the Methodist Episcopal Church of the Southern United States.

The province of Nova Scotia is on the threshold of a period of unprecedented development judging from the record business being handled during the current year by the Dominion Atlantic Railway, and the scope of the preparations now under way for the development of tourist traffic," says George E. Graham, vice-president and general manager of the railway, in a recent interview.

Total amount of life insurance carried by the people of Canada is at present about \$6,000,000,000 or approximately \$600 for every man, woman and child in the Dominion. The United States with 175 per cent of population is the only country in the world that exceeds Canada in the amount of life insurance carried.

The 1929 total yield of potatoes in Canada is estimated at 7,400,000 bushels from 545,235 acres, valued at \$47,451,800 compared with 6,654,000 bushels in 1928 from 590,064 acres, valued at \$40,874,000. Quebec province produced the most with 22,320,000 bushels.

Canada's Royal Agricultural Fair, largest of its kind on the American continent, opened for its eighth annual session on November 22 at Toronto with over 12,000 entries, a total that breaks all previous records. To be held for three hundred exhibitors entered, including 900 from the United States.

FIND PRIMEVAL AXE



A ethnologists in Canada are all excited over the discovery during the construction of a York Golf course, Toronto, of a finely preserved bronze axe head, still capable of doing heavy work in the hands of a determined man. Some believe that it is an Indian implement, but many more say it is an authentic relic of the Bronze Age, perhaps a score of

thousand years old and going back to the dim beginnings of humanity. Beautifully balanced and still quite sharp, the years have left their traces on the axe and there are even to be seen markings where thin strips bound it to the handle. Where once Indians prowled and long centuries before them, primitive men fought with spears, the place where it was picked up will soon be the scene of perfect telling off or negotiating difficult business. The copper will be open for play next Spring.

Gordon Memorial S.S. Holds Christmas Tree

This annual event took place on Friday, Dec. 20th in the church. Songs and recitations were contributed by the members of the different classes and all were well received. The closing item on the program was a pageant: "Christmas throughout the World," depicting the activities of the United Church of Canada. Santa Claus was accorded a tumultuous welcome and after distributing the good things on the Christmas tree left for parts unknown, amid the cheers of the children.

A quiet wedding took place in Medicine Hat on December 24th 1929, when Miss Mary Tunks and Mr. Alfred Dube were united in holy wedlock by Rev. Black-

burn. The witnesses were Miss Rhoda Lyons and Mr. Philip Gendros. After the wedding a Christmas dinner was served at the home of the bride. The young couple will reside in Medicine Hat.

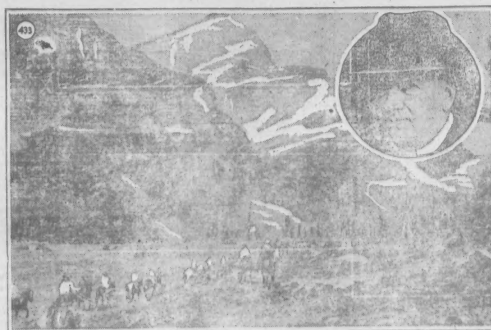
Don't forget the S. O. E. dance in Cliff Hall on New Year's Eve. A good time is assured.

Christmas Cheer

The following is the second list of subscriptions to the Christmas Cheer Fund:

A Friend	5.00
Brick & Coal Co.	25.00
Pressed Brick Co.	25.00
C. T. Hall	3.00
Mrs. Broadfoot	5.00
Mrs. Woodcock	2.00
Mrs. B. Iton clothing and	5.00
Raikes	5.00
Total	\$167.50

Gives Name to Rockies Pass



naming a pass in the mountains after him. Gibson Pass has either been anonymous and lies between Shadow Lake and the Twin Lakes, below Hall and Brown mountains in the valley of the river, midway between Banff and Lake Louise. Not far from travelled routes in the Rockies and located in one of their most picturesque sections, Gibson Pass was actually discovered by Mr. Gibson when he was planning the route to be taken by Trail Riders last summer and himself hiked over the trail between the two lakes.

The name was conferred recently by the Geographic Board of Canada in honor of Mr. Gibson, past president, president of national and foreign festivals and founder of the Order of Trail Riders and of the Canadian Rockies which maintains members from all parts of the country. The name is a fitting tribute to a man who has done inimitable work in bringing the Rockies of Canada to the knowledge of the world. Layland shows the Pass, with next Mr. Gibson and, below, close-up of group of Trail Riders.

"The King of Kings" Coming to Cameo

Is One of The Most Wonderful Pictures Ever Shown

Last Tuesday and Wednesday evenings people of financial and surrounding district will have the opportunity of seeing one of the most widely talked of and most favorably commented upon pictures ever shown here when "The King of Kings" comes to the Cameo theatre.

The picture is endorsed by hundreds of celebrated divines, and scholars and the press and public of this country and Europe. The picture reverently pictures the wondrous drama of Jesus, teacher and healer, the Crucifixion and Resurrection.

The various biblical characters in the couplets of Matthew, Mark, Luke and John are easily recognizable. Unquestionably the finest characterization is H. B. Warner in the role of Jesus of Nazareth, first portrayed as the atman Healer in Galilee, next as the Riving King who cleansed the Temple, finally identified by His disciples and by the centurion who saw him dying on the Cross. Mr. Warner acts the greatest of historical roles with a fine reverence and sympathy. The picture is a very realistic one which leaves a profound impression on both old and young. Don't miss this wonderful picture.

While engaged at his work in the glass factory last Friday, Joe Podesta at a nasty accident when a piece of glass struck him in the eye. The eye ball was punctured but not seriously injured.

Several people in town received a fine Christmas present from the Club Cafe last week end. They were cakes made by the cook at the cafe, and showed that the chef is no mean artist when it comes to decorating cakes with icing and Swiss ornaments. The Drevet received one and wishes to extend hearty thanks for same.

Local Legion Holds Annual Xmas Tree

The Hall Was Well Filled Despite Stormy Weather

Cliff Hall was a lively, jolly place last Saturday afternoon when over a hundred children gathered there for the local Legion's annual Christmas tree. Besides the Christmas tree, which was heavily laden with presents for all, a long table was set and all were treated to a splendid lunch. While waiting for Santa Claus, games of various kinds were played and a general good time was spent, despite the stormy weather outside. Comrade R. S. Hodne welcomed the children on behalf of the Legion. He expressed the hope that they would all have a good time and have a very Merry Christmas. He thanked the adults who had gone to so much trouble to make the afternoon a success. When Santa arrived he was in excellent humor and went around the hall talking to and shaking hands with the little ones. Bert Shaw acted the part of the reindeer.

After the distribution of the presents, there was a musical program in which several of the children took part. On the whole the event was a great success.

Mr. Woodson, of the Dominion Glass office staff, spent the Xmas holiday at his home in Calgary.

Miss Lenmonth, Miss Podesta and Miss Patterson, of Calgary, spent Christmas in town with their parents.

Word has been received in town announcing the marriage of Miss Clara Clara, formerly of Redcliff, to Mr. Wm. F. Phillips, on December 2nd, at Oakdale, California.

Churches

ST. MARY'S CHURCH
Celebration of Mass/Benediction and Fourth Sunday of Advent/Jan 2nd at 9:30 a.m.
GORDON MEMORIAL UNITED CHURCH
Rev. W. D. Smith, Pastor

Sunday, Dec. 29th, 1929
10 a.m. Church School.
11:15 morning worship.
Subject: "The Promise Fulfilled"
7:30 evening worship.
Subject: "Numbered Days and Unnumbered Blessings"

The midweek service will be held Wednesday, Jan. 1st at 7:30. The week of prayer will be observed during the week commencing Jan. 5th. Services will be held every evening commencing at 7:30.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH
Rev. J. I. Cooper
1st Sunday after Christmas, December 29th.
Holy Communion 8 a.m.
Mattins and seven 11 a.m.
Children's service Carols and Address, 3 p.m.
Benediction, Carols and sermon at 7:30 p.m.

Wednesday the circumcision of Christ; Holy communion 8 a.m.
Friday, evensong 7:30 followed by choir practice.

International Conference To Simplify The Calendar Is Expected To Be Held Next Year

Action taken by the Assembly of the League of Nations at its recent session holds much promise for an international conference to simplify the calendar will be held next year, said George Eastman, chairman of the National Committee on Calendar Simplification, in a statement commenting upon advice he has just received from Geneva.

Mr. Eastman said that a resolution had been adopted by the Assembly which automatically placed on the agenda of the next meeting of the League Conference on Communications and Transit, probably in December, the findings of its committee, the calendar reform committee of the International Chamber of Commerce, the recommendation of the French and Belgian calendar committees, and resolutions adopted by various national and international bodies, all directed to the League.

The Communications and Transit Conference, Mr. Eastman said, will in effect set for the League the matter of calling an international calendar conference and it was his belief that the recommendation of the committee would not be a recommendation from different countries, and those of the International Chamber of Commerce could not but impress the conference that the time for international action on calendar reform is ripe.

Before it's meeting is held, reports may be received also, he said, from national calendar committees in Germany, Holland, Hungary and Peru, Cuba and several other of the Latin-American countries. The conference will also have been informed of the results of the calendar referendum of the United States Chamber of Commerce, now in progress among local chambers, which will be given on calendar simplification and whether there should be an international conference in which the United States should participate. Mr. Eastman felt that judging by the number of favorable expressions already given by Chambers of Commerce in his committee during its own inquiry the referendum would show approval of calendar simplification.

Camouflaged Sardines

Fish Must Be Correctly Labeled If Sold In Great Britain

The description "sardines" may be applied in Canada to certain fish caught there and it is even permitted when they are shipped to most parts of the British Empire. But if the product is sent to Britain and South Africa, the term is not allowed. This unusual information was elicited when a questioner in the British House of Commons asked the reason for this discrimination against Canadian produce.

Hon. W. R. Smith, parliamentary secretary to the Board of Trade, replied the courts in Britain had decided the name "sardine" could not legally be applied to fish not really sardines. The produce may be sold, but "sardines" must be omitted from the wrapper. Other countries besides Canada are subject to this restriction.

Finland To Have Navy

Finland, it is understood, has started creation of her first navy. Two cruisers of 2,000 tons each and four submarines and four torpedo boats are under construction. Two of the torpedo boats are being built in England.

On a few occasions the northern lights have been seen as far south as Mexico City.

The tongue of a seventy-foot whale has been known to lay as much as a ton of oil.

He: "Whatever I may goa." She: "Then talk to your wife."

"You look in better health than when I saw you last. Where have you been?"

"In prison."—Montague, Charlier.

Does Not Envy France

Germany Sees Advantage In Having Small Army To Support

Out of her home population of 41,000,000, France keeps 412,000 young men constantly in Northern Africa. A white army of 60,000 men, in addition to 11,000 coloured troops. In their new frame of mind the Germans hold on these forces with complacency. They involve the French Government in huge annual expense, and they entail the withdrawal of a large proportion of the man-power of the nation from productive work. Sixty-five million Germans, with an army limited to 100,000 men, are clearly in a much more advantageous position than the French for the development of their country's trade and manufactures. They would not have conscription even if the Peace Treaty permitted it. After ten years of freedom from the burden of military service the whole nation would revolt against the bare idea.

Winnipeg Newspaper Union

Refuses To Join Federation

In British Columbia the newspaper unions are encouraging the growing of clover and alfalfa. When the illustration was undertaken in the Pacific provinces, the crop surveyed showed less than two acres of alfalfa along the line of the Canadian National Railways. Test plots were set up at the stations and these were extended to demonstration blocks under field conditions. The acreage now to this crop has increased greatly up to 1923. The clover acreage has also increased, particularly throughout central British Columbia, there being now thousands of pounds of clover seed threshed in certain of the districts in which the stations have given attention to this crop.

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One way to put money into circulation is to take it to the race-track.

Dairy Cow Efficient Food Producer

Properly fed milks not only does work and business.

With increasing rentals and values of farm lands, dairy farming is rapidly replacing other types of live stock raising. A dairy cow producing 8,000 pounds of milk a year furnishes 1,000 pounds of dry matter, all of which is edible and digestible. A two year old steer weighing between 1,200 and 1,300 pounds furnishes about 360 pounds of dry matter, not all of which can be used for food. In other words a fairly good producing dairy cow furnishes twice as much edible dry matter in one year as a good two year old steer when he is killed for meat. A cow can be kept for additional years of service, while to replace the steer, another animal must be fed for a period of two years.

The annual consumption of milk per capita has increased in Canada from 14½ gallons in 1921, to over 22 gallons in 1923. These figures refer only to those who buy their milk and include all forms of consumption.

With growing acceptance of milk as a food has come an increasing knowledge of the proper care of milk on the farm. Because of the food and animals in the cow stable are easily taken up by dirt, having no flavor, they must be kept in contact with the milk. Removal of the milk from the stable as soon as possible reduces enormous dust and dirt entering it and keeps down the bacterial growth in the milk.

It is an increase rapidly in warm milk causing it to sour quickly. Removal of the animal heat from freshly drawn milk by lowering the temperature to that of cold well water (approximately 60 degrees Fahrenheit), greatly aids in preventing bacterial growth. A well lighted, well ventilated milk house, not too close to the stable, is also very helpful.

Cleanliness in the stable is vital necessary. The stall platform should

be just long enough for the cow to stand comfortably without room to spare; otherwise, the cow will become dirty from droppings when she lies down. The gutter should be wide and deep. A good gutter is 16 inches to 18 inches in width and 9 or 10 inches below the platform. Bedding should be clean and plentifulous.

Long hair on the flanks, udders and tail above the switch of the dairy cow should be removed at regular intervals. Removing this long hair removes the clinging places for dirt which otherwise will fall into the milk pail in quantities. Keeping the hair short on these parts of the cow permits cleaning by much less time and more thoroughly. Brushing should be neglected on the flanks, udders and tail.

It is generally recognized that most of the bacteria found in milk find their source in dirt clinging to the cow and dropping into the pail during milking. Single precautions will practically eliminate this source of bacterial growth and dairymen find themselves well repaid for the little time necessary in taking such precautions.

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Work Of The Illustration Stations

Desired Results To Be Served In The Interests Of Agriculture

Illustration stations operated as part of the Experimental Farms System, are serving a useful purpose in the production and distribution of improved seed and poultry. In the report of the stations for 1923, published by the Department of Agriculture at Ottawa, it is shown that one station operator sold over 100,000 varieties to thirty-five individual farmers, and that almost 11,000 bushels were distributed in this way from 26 Alberta stations that year. From one Alberta station there were sold 1,500 eggs from winter laying birds for hatching purposes, and all 11 illustration stations in the province sold almost 4,000 eggs were sold for hatching in the spring of 1923.

According to this report rapid progress is being made in the more general use of advanced farm machinery. In 1923, it was pointed out, two combine harvesters were used in the province of Manitoba. Two years later 209 were in use in the province. A questionnaire sent by the chief supervisor of the illustration stations to the majority of owners of combines brought replies which indicate satisfaction with these machines. The sale truck is also said to be coming into fairly general use as a means of hauling grain.

In British Columbia the illustration stations are encouraging the growing of clover and alfalfa. When the illustration work was undertaken in the Pacific provinces, the crop surveyed showed less than two acres of alfalfa along the line of the Canadian National Railways. Test plots were set up at the stations and these were extended to demonstration blocks under field conditions. The acreage now to this crop has increased greatly up to 1923. The clover acreage has also increased, particularly throughout central British Columbia, there being now thousands of pounds of clover seed threshed in certain of the districts in which the stations have given attention to this crop.

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ATTENDED NOTABLE FUNCTION

Major John MacGregor, V.C., M.C., D.C.M., of Powell River, B.C., was 100 miles away from a railway in a British Columbia construction camp when he heard by radio of the Prince of Wales' dinner for Victoria Cross soldiers. By making close connections he was able to reach London in time to attend the dinner.

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Agreement Reached Between Canada And United States As To International Air Traffic

Milk In The Nation Health

More Sanitary Methods Of Production And Handling Is Desired

Of all foods used in the family life no other has such a direct relation to the nation's health as milk, and the people are quite within their rights in demanding that the old time dairymen with his careless habits and limited knowledge of sanitation should give way to the better trained, more careful producer.

These ideas are expressed as a concluding word by C. K. Johns and A. G. Lockhead, bacteriologists at the experimental farm, at Ottawa, in their new bulletin "Testing the Producer's Milk for Quality." As a means of reducing to the minimum poor quality milk judged from the standpoint of food value, cleanliness, healthfulness and fine flavours, health authorities of cities and towns and the large milk handling companies are insisting more and more upon sanitary methods of production and handling of disease-free dairy herds and employees, properly supervised pasteurization of the milk and protection of the milk from contamination after pasteurization has been given. By giving careful attention to all of these points the producer of large cities have almost completely eradicated milk-borne disease. In the smaller communities that are not so far advanced in milk sanitation where properly pasteurized milk cannot be obtained, this bulletin No. 123, of the Department of Agriculture at Ottawa, recommends the householder to pasteurize their milk in their own homes.

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Saskatoon as Grain Shipping Centre

May Ultimately Occupy Position In Canada Now Held By Buffalo

To U.S. —
 "There is no reason why Saskatoon should not occupy the position to Canadian wheat export that Buffalo holds in wheat exports to the United States," said Dr. W. A. Carothers, of the economic department of Saskatchewan University, commenting on the statement made by R. B. Ramsey that storage at interior terminals would be a big factor in the grain export business.

"Wheat exported from the eastern seaboard of the United States is not chiefly stored at Boston, New York, and Baltimore," he pointed out, "but at Buffalo, where it may be shipped to any port at which cargo space may be available."

"In the same way wheat stored at Saskatoon, could be forwarded to British Columbia, Vancouver, Seattle, as ocean or lake space and terminal demand might dictate.

There is, of course, also the advantage that the railway handling of grain becomes less of a seasonal rush if only the short haul to Saskatoon or Moose Jaw is required during the harvest season. In my judgment, the suggestion is practical."

An officer of one of the large milling companies in Saskatoon gave the cost of unloading, handling and loading there as two and three quarters cents per bushel. This might be well worth while, it is believed, as insurance against the risk of tying grain up at Church II for a long period.

Dr. W. M. Swanson, senior professor of economics at the University of Saskatchewan, who has lectured on the commission studying grain export problems, stated:

"The central factor in establishing a storage centre is access to alternative shipping routes. In this respect Vancouver is handicapped in relation to Port William and Port Arthur as to Buffalo and Montreal. That explains why prices tend to rise lower at Vancouver than at the other points mentioned.

It is vital in building up our grain trade by Churchill to get value in that which will result in placing grain in storage at such points as will give direct access to Churchill, but at the same time will not cut our power to use alternative routes, otherwise the British and foreign buyers would hold the advantage over our farmers and their marketing organizations."

For these reasons, Mr. Ramsey's argument appears to be well founded and Saskatoon should look forward to great development of the storage and shipment of grain.

"The wheat pool is now engaged in operating in building up this grain trade in Saskatchewan and Moose Jaw."

While the United Farmers of Canada, Saskatchewan section, did not wish at short notice to issue any official statement on the subject, influential directors were attracted by the idea of a system that would tend to prevent the crop shortages which is an annual source of loss and inconvenience to the farmer.

W. Moss Thresher, former secretary of the United Farmers of Canada, Saskatchewan section, commenting on Mr. Ramsey's question said, "To my mind there is no vision what-so-ever, but that Saskatoon in the not distant future will become what might be termed the Minneapolis from a milling standpoint and from a shipping standpoint—the Buffalo of western Canada."

Continuing, he said: "We who have known the work of R. B. Ramsey in the wheat pool had a high regard for his business sagacity and sound judgment. We are proud to note his address at Moose Jaw that he brings to his new office as chairman of the Board of Grain Commission, a splendid vision and foresight of the natural development of grain handling and grain trade routes."

A Pertinent Question
 Prof. Pitt: And the diplococcus existed on the earth millions of years before the appearance of man.
 Student: Well, if it existed long before the appearance of man, how do you know that diplococcus is its right name?

You seldom find the name of the fellow who thinks he's "it" in Who's Who.

"What? Have you had a bite?"
 "Yes, you make the fourth."—Buen Humor, Madrid.

Skin Milk and Meat For Calves

Feeding New Milk After Four Months Is Considered Extravagant Practice

After calves are four months of age it is no longer necessary to feed them milk. Indeed, it is a very extravagant practice to do so. In an experiment conducted at the Northern, Sask., experimental station three calves were fed on different feeds from the time they were four months until they had reached six months of age. One calf received 20 pounds of skim milk and 3 pounds of chop, the second received 10 pounds of skim milk, 10 pounds of chop and 3 pounds of chop per day, and the third received 20 pounds of new milk, and 3 pounds of chop per day. The chop mixture consisted of the following: 300 pounds each of bran and oat chop, 150 pounds of barley chop, and 200 pounds of alfalfa meal.

The calves differed little in weight at the beginning and at the end of the experiment, but the cost of the milk was very much in favor of the skim milk and meal ration. In the report of the station for 1923, published by the Department of Agriculture at Ottawa, it is shown that the cost of the milk ration was 2.1 cents per pound, the one getting one-half pound of skim milk and 3 pounds of chop, while the calf receiving new milk and meal put on weight at a cost of more than 14 cents per pound.

This experiment was conducted with full bull calves, which were well developed and in good flesh when the experiment was started. A similar test was carried on with yearling calves with almost similar results. That is to say, the calf per pound of gain was 2.3 cents for the calf getting skim milk and meal, 4.7 cents for the calf getting new milk and skim milk with meal, and 12.3 cents when whole milk was used with the meal. This is a very big difference. It is pointed out in the report that the calf getting skim milk and meal, 4.7 cents for the calf getting new milk and skim milk with meal, this calf was watered and the mass heated up with the milk. This calf was fed a half calf getting skim milk and meal, 4.7 cents for the calf getting new milk and skim milk with meal, the amount was gradually increased to one cup full.

Fire Could Be Prevented

Great Majority In Canada Are Cured Of Cattle Diseases

The great number of serious fires in Canada is proportionate to population. It is due to the large number of people who are engaged in the raising of cattle, and to the climate which requires the heating of buildings for a long winter season. But the fact that 70 or 80 per cent of the fires in which lives are lost are due—as shown by investigations—less to carelessness in prevention, and more to a reflection on the intelligence of the Canadian people. It is a matter of surprise to the investigator that this needless sacrifice of life and property, and their earnest co-operation in the prevention of the great majority of fires that would otherwise occur.—Montreal Free Press.

Canadian Animals For Foreign Zoological Gardens

Buffalo and Beaver Sent To Belgium

At South Africa
 "So that the people in Belgium and South Africa may become better acquainted with the natural history of Canada, three buffalo and one pair of beaver from Walworthville, Alta., passed through Winnipeg recently, on the Canadian National Railway, en route to Montreal for shipment to these countries for zoological purposes." One of the buffaloes and the pair of beaver are for the zoological gardens at Antwerp, Belgium, while the remaining buffalo are to be placed in the zoo at Johannesburg, South Africa.

The Perfect Head

One summer, Reginald and his three sisters went to visit a relative in Maine. Though it was understood the visit was to consume three weeks, they stayed only two months. "Well," asked the father on the return of his offspring, "how your Uncle William glad to see you?" "Was he?" reiterated the boy, as though surprised by the query. "He asked me why we didn't bring home a mother, the cook, the maid, and the dog!"

In West Australian deserts there are wells which yield water only at night.

In Germany there are more than 460,000 motorcycles.



FRED V. SEIBERT

National Resources Development

Fred V. Seibert Is Appointed By Canadian National Railways To Important Position

Announcement has been made by W. J. Black, Director of Canadian Agriculture and Natural Resources for the Canadian National Railways, of the appointment of Fred V. Seibert, formerly of the Federal Mines branch, at Ottawa, and one of the best informed authorities on the natural resources of Canada, to the position of Superintendent of Natural Resources for the Canadian National Railways, with jurisdiction over the Provinces of Manitoba and Saskatchewan.

Fred Seibert's name is known throughout Canada in connection with natural resources development. He has been near Edmonton, Alta., and is a graduate of Toronto University. He was for some years in the survey branch of the Department of the Interior, at Ottawa, and spent a number of years with the natural resources intelligence service under Dr. C. Lynch, at Ottawa, during which time he prepared much valuable material on the resources of western Canada.

Later he has been with the mine branch, at Ottawa, as inspector of mines. In his new position with the Canadian National Railways, Mr. Seibert will have his headquarters at Winnipeg.

"Mr. Seibert's appointment has been made in view of the rapid development of the mineral resources in Manitoba and Saskatchewan," said Dr. Black, "and we feel that in Mr. Seibert we have a man thoroughly conversant with that development, and with the possibilities in the regions now being opened up."

Cherls Must Sing

A German department storekeeper in Smyrna, Turkey, in Asia, makes all the help sing. They must sing from the counter girl to the shoe-walker, even if there is only one customer in the store. The salesgirl must sing while she is waiting on the customer. She can only stop to give the price of the goods or to answer a question. It is catching. During the busy hours singing captivates even the customers.

The Pacific Ocean is composed of approximately 68,834,000 square miles.

Enough telephone wires are used in New York city to reach thirty-five times to the moon.

MADAME CURIE AND PRESIDENT HOOVER



Madame Curie, co-discoverer of radium, with President Hoover, of the United States, who presented Madame Curie with \$50,000 to carry on research work.

The Lady's Chickens

A Striking Example Of Willing Sacrifice For A Worthy Cause

An old lady in Alberta, whose family had been reared and had married and gone, lived alone with her few possessions, chief of which were two or three chickens. This good soul felt within her the urge to do something for the Red Cross of her province, for the great work amongst the crippled and sick children touched her deeply. Unfortunately, there was no money available to send as her donation. It seemed as if she must do this somehow, and long she pondered what there was in her humble home that she could give away. Taking pen and paper, and with much labour expressing herself in a letter, for she had not the pen of a ready writer, this old woman offered to send the Society three live chickens. Red Cross could sell them, she thought, and that would be her own contribution.

Much touched by this simple act of charity, the Committee wrote again, suggesting that she should keep them, for surely her own need was acute. Again the old lady wrote, again she reached the head-office and attached to it was a piece of blue—the fragment of one of her old gowns. Carefully wrapped within, as with great care guarding her own jewel, lay a small Red Cross Pin. This was the last souvenir of the busy war-torn Red Cross, when she had been a faithful worker and had worn the badge of service, a badge she was now straining every nerve to live up to. As her only possible way of giving, she asked that the Red Cross send the pin and put the money into the funds.

Such an offering reminds one of the gift of water from the well of David, which had been obtained after much sacrifice. The story of the chickens and the pin reveals that there are hearts of gold beneath the poorest exterior.

Lingist Makes Money

Chicago Hotel Furnishes Service In Thirty-Six Languages

Because many professional men of high standing in their native lands are reduced to dish washing and pastry serving during the period of adjustment in America, the Drake Hotel, an interesting service competition in 36 languages.

Tickets in the card-index, the linguistic accomplishment of his subordinates. Reference to this index furnishes an interpreter for the financier from Argentina, or a resourceful courier for his wife, should she wish to shop while her husband is engaged in Le La Salle Street.

During the Shachteloff Congress, in 1925, the hotel staff was called on to use 26 languages.

Her Mistake

Judge—"You admit smacking the maid on your husband's head."

Accused—"It was not my intention."

Judge—"You did not want to strike your husband?"

Accused—"Yes—but I did not want to break the hair."

In Japan automobiles have to be illuminated inside as well as out at sunset.

The chief vocal organ is the larynx rather than the tongue.

The Care Of The Teeth

It Should Be Remembered That A Clean Teeth Never Aches

When considering the care of the teeth, remember the plain association slogan—"Save the surface, and you save it."

Fluoride, provides us with a very valuable set of instruments for the purpose of grinding our food into small morsels, ready to pass into the stomach. If our teeth are not as strong and healthy as they should be, the food will not be prepared and our stomach will always be worried, too hard and eventually will give us endless trouble. On the other hand if our teeth are dirty, the food will rub off some of the dirt and will carry it into our system. In a ready writer, neglecting to clean the teeth thoroughly is just one form of taking poison.

A tooth is divided into two parts, called the crown and the root. The crown is the wide part which we can see, and has a hard covering called enamel. The root is the narrower, pointed part which is in the gums, and has a cover which is called cement.

Beneath the enamel and cement in the tooth is a layer, not very hard, which is called dentine. The centre of the tooth is called the pulp, which contains blood vessels and nerves.

It is a clean tooth that never aches. It is a clean tooth that happens to be a tooth which is heading for trouble, is a tooth that collects on the outside of the tooth. Unless that dirt is removed by tooth decay and work into the centre of the tooth. The decay cuts through the enamel and into the dentine. Because the dentine is softer, the decay always spreads in the dentine so that there is more decay inside the tooth than there is on the outside.

A dentist, if he knows about it in time, can prevent further trouble. He can easily find the little hole with his explorer, cut away the decayed part and fill the hole. It is a very simple thing to do, when the decay is just starting, but sometimes it becomes a very difficult and expensive thing to do because people delay too long in getting to see the dentist.

If the tooth is not filled right away, the enamel will gradually break down and the hole will become large enough to collect food, which rots and causes toothache. Here are some of the troubles that can come as well as the toothache, nervousness, neuritis, rheumatism, heart trouble, asthma, skin troubles, colds and hoarseness and nervousness, and it will pay—pay many times over to compensate you for your trouble—if good care is taken of the teeth in between visits to the dentist.

The most important thing you can do is to brush your teeth regularly with tooth paste and water, using the brush. The business of brushing the teeth thoroughly takes two minutes. The tooth brush should be small and come a small tooth brush can be moved around more easily and more thoroughly. A large one should be light and rapid and should be borne in mind that there are five sides to each tooth to be brushed. There is the outside—near the cheek, the inside—nearest the tongue, the top—that surface that is between the two sides between the teeth.

The tooth brush should move in circles, on the outside of the gums and teeth. Do not forget the gums, because they must be brushed too. The circulation of the blood in the gums is a matter of immense importance to the health of the teeth. Brush them softly, but thoroughly. If you should have any trouble with bleeding gums, it is advisable to go to the dentist at once.

Count the number of strokes which you take when brushing your teeth. Move the brush around in a circle on the outside of the teeth and gums six or seven times for each side and front, making two strokes of the brush for each count you make, brush the inside of the teeth—that is, the surface toward the tongue—by moving the brush straight in and out. This is also the part that grinds the food.

One of the most healthful habits after you have brushed your teeth in the morning is to rinse them with lime water. The lime water should be kept in the mouth for about a minute and then forced out between the teeth.

Madame Curie, geologist, physicist, chemist, ginger, cocaine and other West Indian products were included in a heavy cargo brought to Montreal by the R.M.S. Empress of India, Canadian National Steamship's West India passenger service.

Mr. Everest, in the Himalayas, the highest mountain in the world, has an altitude of 29,002 feet.

It is assumed that radium is present in the sun.

An Example To The World

The Undenied Boundary Line Between Canada and the United States Offers Striking Lesson

What was referred to by a great Canadian editor of a decade, or two ago, in addresses throughout the United States and Canada, as the "North American Ideal," and what formed the subject of the last public speech of President Woodrow Wilson, of "The United States—the address given in Stanley Park, Vancouver, when, as American President stood for the first time on Canadian soil—has been held up to the people of China and Russia, in their dispute over Manchuria, as a model in international relations and as a safe means of avoiding conflict.

Hon. N. W. Rowell, former President of the Privy Council of Canada, and chairman of the Canadian delegation to the Institute of Pacific Relations at Kyoto, Japan, depicted the significance of the undenied 4,000-mile boundary line between Canada and the United States in the same eloquent and impressive fashion as he has done in Canada and the United States delegate to the League of Nations.

There is no doubt that the absence of armaments, and navies, and forts, and other equipment of war along the Canadian-American boundary has contributed to the peaceable and amicable relations between the two countries in the past century. Both Europe and Asia, where nations have been bent to keep at each other's throat on slight provocation, have profited by this Canadian-American example of friendship and trust between nations. Hon. Mr. Rowell does not wish to draw this lesson home in various parts of the world as an opportunity offers. It is a situation that can stand well as a precedent, as an achievement and example to mankind in human history.—Regina Leader.

Bees Serve Gardens

United Agents In Transferring Pollen From One Blossom To Another

The primary object of keeping bees in the garden is to get a crop of honey, but this is not all that may be gained through them. Bees secure their living and a surplus crop of honey for their own use almost entirely from flowers. Because of this fact, they are of economic importance to the producers of food and fruit, as well as to the beekeeper. A crop of fruit cannot be obtained unless the blossoms first become fertilized, and this is accomplished by transferring pollen from one blossom to another.

It has been proved that a number of fruit-bearing trees or bushes are either self sterile or incompatible to their own pollen and that all of them will yield better crops when crossed with pollen from some other variety. It has also been proven that wind pollens little or no part in the fertilization of fruit pollen, but that insects are the most effective agents for this purpose. The "experimental" work done with plants at the Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa, showed that bees were excluded from the trees during the blossoming period, no fruit was obtained, but where honey bees had access to the flowers, a good crop was secured.

Wild bees are also effective pollinating agents, but their numbers cannot be controlled, a severe winter may reduce their numbers considerably, but honey bees being wintered over in colonies and capable of being moved from place to place may be distributed through the orchards as desired. It is a common practice in some countries for fruit growers, who are not bee-keepers themselves, to hire colonies from some bee-keeper to pollinate the blossoms. It is the presence of bees in their orchards increases the possibilities for better crop from fruit trees. B. Goodwin, Dominion Apiarist.

Bugs are the natural enemy of all insect-eating plants.

More than 500 treaties have been filed with the League of Nations.



"What are you doing on the railway line?"
 "I am tired of life."
 "But it is a damned line."
 "Yes, but I am practising."—Il Travano, Rome.

W. N. O. 1812

COD LIVER OIL
A WONDERFUL
BUILDER

SCOTT'S EMULSION

TRY IT. YOU WILL PLEASANTLY
BE CONVINCED.

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

Russia, which led the world in wheat exports, before the war, now does not produce what it consumes.

Winston Churchill, former chancellor of the exchequer, has been elected lord rector of Edinburgh University.

Thos. Mann, widely known German novelist, whose best known work is "The Magic Mountain," has been awarded this year's Nobel prize for literature.

The Austrian government will shortly appoint a lord-consul-general at Ottawa. Hon. P. C. Carleton, Canadian High Commissioner, was informed by the Austrian minister in London, Baron George Frankentstein.

It is reported that a sheep rancher in Nebraska has bought eighteen sections of land at Plimpton, Alberta, along the river, upon which he intends to set out a flock of sheep numbering about 50,000 next spring.

Benyon A. Shestakov, chief pilot of the Russian plane "Land of the Soviet," which flew from Moscow to New York, announced the Odeskavlin, Soviet Aviation Society, had refused to endorse his proposal to fly across the Atlantic ocean on the homebound trip.

Seized and condemned for illegal fishing in Canadian territorial waters on August 2 last, the United States fishing boat "Olympus" has been released for the use of the biological board of Canada, and will be stationed at Departure Bay, B.C. It was announced by H. W. Gagg, director in the Victoria ministry district.

The former Kaiser from his exile at Doorn, has instituted a libel suit against the editor of a Berlin newspaper. The newspaper had said that the army was supplied exclusively with Krupp guns, greatly irritating to those of other firms, because the Kaiser was financially interested in the former Krupp works.

For Automobile Protection

Ohio Penitentiary Inmate Patents New Safety Device

An invention by an Ohio penitentiary prisoner may make automobile that more difficult than it is at present.

Lawton Himmeln, 22, of Akron, serving a sentence of from seven to 15 years for burglary, has filed with a patent attorney an application for a patent on his dual auto control igniter.

When the motor is stopped, it automatically locks the ignition, steering wheel and starting switch. The new system can be enclosed in a box six inches square and four inches high and mounted beneath the dash board.

Started in Small Way

Adolph Gobel, millionaire frankfurter, laid the foundation of his fortune in a "little sausage-shop" in Brooklyn, near a public school. He fostered a taste among the children for piping hot "pups." The rage spread to adjacent seats of learning. So far into the moneyed road did Herr Gobel travel that his son is now to play around the waters of New York with a luxurious yacht.

Lemonade was invented in the seventeenth century.



Many people, two hours after eating, suffer indigestion as they call it. It is usually excess acid. Correct it with an alkali. Tell when you prove out this easy remedy. The quick, harmless and efficient way is Phillips' Milk of Magnesia. It is so natural for 50 years the standard with physicians. One Milk of Magnesia neutralizes many times its volume in stomach acids, and at once. The symptoms disappear in five minutes.

Swine Judging Competition

Sponsored By Agricultural Department Of The Canadian National Railways

Robert Horsey and Joe McCullum, young farmers of Armstrong, will represent British Columbia in the Dominion Championship swine judging competition to be held under the auspices of the Agricultural Department of the Canadian National Railways, at the Royal Winter Fair, in Toronto, early in December.

They earned this honor by being awarded the Provincial Championship in the tests among the Canadian National Boys and Girls Swine Clubs of British Columbia. In the finale at Toronto, they will compete with teams from every other Province in Canada, the largest entry since the competition was inaugurated in 1925. Should they win, they will be presented with medals and will become the holders for one year of the trophy awarded by W. D. Robb, vice-president of the Canadian National Railway, and they will have the distinction of being the champion swine breeders and judges of Canada.

The Boys and Girls Swine Clubs were started in 1925, by W. D. Robb and Dr. W. J. Black, Director of Colonization and Agriculture for the Canadian National Railway, for the purpose of encouraging mixed farming and improving the quality of the swine raised by boys and girls under the supervision of their parents, who are eligible to form clubs, and the movement has grown from six clubs in the first year, to more than two hundred. Every province is now represented and the competitions can be regarded as truly Dominion-wide.

District competitions are held first and the district winners compete in a Provincial Championship test, and the winners of these latter competitions are given a free trip to the Royal Winter Fair at Toronto, and a chance to compete for the Dominion title. So far, Ontario, Manitoba, and Saskatchewan have won the Hobbs Trophy, one team being two girls.

Recipes For This Week

(By Betty Barclay)

MARMALEADE GRIDDLE CAKES

(About 15 cakes)

- 2 cups flour.
- 1 tablespoon baking powder.
- 1 teaspoon salt.
- 3 tablespoons sugar.
- 1 egg.
- 1 cup milk.
- 3 tablespoons melted butter.
- Orange marmalade.

Beat eggs. Mix and sift dry ingredients. Add beaten eggs and milk. Beat thoroughly and add butter. Drop by large spoonfuls on a hot greased griddle. When puffed, fall of bubbles and cooked around the edges turn them over on the other side. Spread cakes with orange marmalade. Roll up like jelly rolls. Sprinkle with sugar and serve at once.

VANILLA RICE PUDDING

- 1 package instant junket.
- 1 1/2 cups maple sugar.
- 1 pint milk.
- 1 cup boiling rice.

Put rice in bottom of dessert dish. Sprinkle maple sugar over it. Dissolve junket in lukewarm milk, and pour over rice. Let stand in a warm room until firm, then chill. Any left-overs of cereal, etc., may be used instead of the rice.

French Children Play At Aviation

Aviation has become so popular in France that children are having ground races in miniature airplanes, mounted on three wheels. At Baule, the popular bathing beach, many contests are being held on the sands. One of the planes was labelled "Paris-New York."

Great Britain spends more than \$300,000,000 a year on motor cars.

Too Much

Two men, New Virginians, have invented a new sound film apparatus which they say will cost one-fourth of that of imported machines, and equal the former product in every respect.

A machine for the production of sound film has also been invented by them, and they are preparing to show it.

Gas Supply For Saskatchewan

Eagle Butte Oil Company, At Cypress Hills, May Solve Problem

The prospect of a natural gas supply for the cities of Regina and Moose Jaw, and for the numerous villages extending westward as far as Maple Creek, has been brought nearer close realization, through the intention of the Eagle Butte Oil Company to spend in a second well in Cypress Hills, a considerable gas field, about 200 miles west of Regina and close to the Alberta boundary line.

The development of the Cypress Hills gas field is being proceeded with in anticipation of marketing gas in Saskatchewan. According to the findings of government engineers it is believed that the Cypress Hills field offers the closest supply of gas which can be transported to this market. A pipe line from the Cypress Hills would reach towns of Moose Creek first and then proceed to Moose Jaw and Regina, supplying all towns and cities along intervening route.

The whole problem has been carefully examined by competent engineers and has been pronounced feasible. Independent engineers who have been retained by the City of Regina, after exhaustive examination of all the possible sources of supply, pronounce the operations of the Eagle Butte Oil Company, Limited, as the most likely to result in the development of an adequate supply of gas for the Saskatchewan market.—Free Press.

Flying Taxi Service Planned In England

Planes Being Constructed For Shilling-a-Mile Fleet

The first effort of a large scale to let loose a fleet of "flying taxis" on the airways of England is announced. It is learned that 100 DeSoto-Citrus sports coupe "planes" are now under construction at Croydon, the London airport, and that all are intended for taxi service as soon as they are completed.

The "planes" will be stationed at provincial cities and will be made available for hire by constructing to the Continental air routes from London, or for transport between English cities and towns.

Planes will be sent to the places at the passenger rate of one shilling (about 25 cents) a mile. The "planes" will all three or four seater with enclosed cabins.

Another interesting announcement concerning air travel came from the French Air Union, which said that its de luxe London-Paris "planes" hereafter would make connections with the French air lines to North Africa. The new service brings Algeria within thirty hours of London.

Flew 11,500 Hours

Excellent Work Accomplished By Ontario Prefecture Air Patrol

To protect the forests of Ontario, one of the province's most valuable assets, the Ontario Government protective patrol has this year flown 850,000 miles or a total of 11,500 flying hours. This is 4,000 more hours than the patrol flew in 1928, and was done without injury to a single member of the personnel engaged or to any of the passengers carried. The "planes" The forest patrol service covered the vast area of Northern Ontario, from Lake Superior to James Bay, and has many notable exploits to its credit in carrying relief to stranded expeditions and conveying injured or sick persons from outlying posts to hospitals.

Our Embattled Farmers

Through Organization Are Defying The Wheat Buyers Of The World

The embattled farmers of the western Canada wheat pool are defying the wheat buyers of the world markets. Millions of bushels of wheat are not a cent for loss! If our Farm Board had more courage and vision, the American farmers would stand up in the defence—and in the money a little later. It is a refreshing spectacle to see a hundred thousand farmers, secure in their technical market position, calmly waiting for their turn to play.—Wall Street Magazine.

New Sound Film Apparatus

Two men, New Virginians, have invented a new sound film apparatus which they say will cost one-fourth of that of imported machines, and equal the former product in every respect.

There are 3,424 spoken languages in the world.

MATHIEU'S SYRUP
Of Tars Cod Liver Extract

STOPS COUGHS

Winnipeg Newspaper Union

Jack Fox



2993

(By Anabelle Worthington)

A gracious new model with animated headlamp achieved through interesting circular folds with dipping lengths at either side of the neck.

The simple bodice with jacket collar is flattering fashion. Sleeve gives the effect of a wide cuff. The dress below elbow. The belt is made of the same material as the dress, which dates the dress of the newness of your frock.

It is an exact copy of the Paris model as interpreted in printed transparent veil in partridge brown coloring, becoming to most women, and so easily wearable.

Pattern price 25 cents. Be sure to fill in size of pattern. Address: Pattern Department, The New Fall and Winter Fashion Magazine is 15 cents, but only 10 cents when ordered with a pattern.

How To Order Patterns

Address—Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size

Name

Address

City

State

Two women very hot and tired, were pushing their bicycles up a very steep hill.

"Hold On," "I'm sorry, my dear, to have brought you this way, but it looked quite flat on the map."

Dentist—"Now open your mouth wide and I won't hurt you a bit."

Patent (a few minutes later): "I know what Ananias did for a living."

Catarrh

Heat and Inflammation. Excellent for colds in head, throat and chest.

WINDARD'S

"KING OF PAIN"

MENTHOL

Atlantic Air Service

Important Question Is Type Of Craft Selected And Most Suitable

Canadians will await with interest details of the negotiations the Federal Government is said to be carrying on with an airways corporation looking to the establishment of a flying service direct between this country and Great Britain. The project, as so far divulged, contemplates the use of fly-the-huge enough to accommodate 50 passengers, and which would also be used for the transportation of mail and express. The route would embrace Greenland and Scotland, and the planes would have a non-stop cruising radius of 3,000 miles.

Regular air services across the Atlantic and other seas are bound to come, and the question chiefly resolves itself into the type of craft that is the safest and most suitable. The world flight of the Great Zeppelin and the experimental flights of the H-100 and H-101, in Great Britain suggest that the dirigible is the safest form of craft for long non-stop flights. However, numerous stops are contemplated in the use of flying boats in the proposed British-Canadian service, and provided winter weather conditions do not operate against them, this form of craft has a future in North Atlantic aviation.

An aerial passenger, mail, and express service between Great Britain and Canada should add to social and commercial intercourse between the two countries. The King Government has been deeply interested in aviation projects and this country may find it advisable in the not distant future to create a Ministry of Aviation, with a Minister solely charged with the development of flying in Canada and with contacts with aviation contacts with other countries.—Regina Daily Post.

A Thing Of The Past

Senator Buchanan Says West Does Not Need Harvesters

Senator W. A. Buchanan, of Lethbridge, Alberta, has declared the arrival of a new era in the agricultural history of the West. Harvesters' excursions, he says, are a thing of the past. Tractors and other labor-saving devices are making the Western farmer independent of the extra help he has always needed when the grain is ready for cutting.

Although this may mean the loss to some men in the West of a few weeks' work in the year, the cessation of these trips is not entirely to be regretted. They had several features which made them somewhat undesirable in the eyes of the women of the men who went West, so not to work in the harvest, but to stay at home near Lethbridge, and the result was that the West suffered each year through an excess of unemployed. Even of those who go on the farms, many remained on the prairies after their work was done, and added to the overcrowded condition of the cities.

There is another encouraging feature revealed in the senator's remarks. The West is coming to own. Rich in natural resources, she has been man-power. The fact that the West is becoming more self-sufficient, and that she is becoming independent of the extra help she has always needed when the grain is ready for cutting.

Russians Are Thorough

Man Supposed Dead Can Be Identified By Stomach, Say Officials

Some things are done thoroughly in Russia. For example, Dmitri Petrovich has been missing for some time from his home near Leningrad. As he is a person of some importance an official notice has been issued offering a reward for the recovery of his body. It seems to be believed that he has been drowned in the Neva, as an aid to the identification of the body. It is emphasized that "he is specially to be recognized by the fact that he stammers." Critics of this notice have pointed out that if the corpore stammers when it talks, the stammerers peasant who makes the discovery will find the thing hard of revealing its whereabouts.

Centrally Heated

In a new settlement near Duisburg, in Germany, although there are 442 houses, there is only one chimney. All the houses are supplied with heat and hot water from one house, which occupies the middle of the settlement and from which a main pipe runs to each house.

Boredom is now regarded as being as detrimental to results in factories and workshops as is fatigue.

Wedding rings were made of agate and iron in ancient Roman times.

Chest Colds

Need Direct Treatment

It is an obstinate cold indeed that can resist the direct double action of Vicks. Rubbed on the chest, it cures it 2 ways at once:

- (1) Direct to air passages with its healing vapors released by body heat;
- (2) Direct, like a poultice, it "draws out" the soreness.

2 ways at once
VICKS
2 VAPOR
OVER 15 MILLION JARS USED YEARLY

World Grain Exhibition

Event To Be Staged In Regina Expected To Be Largest Of Its Kind Ever Held

Official invitations are being sent by the Canadian Government to many countries to attend the World's Grain Exhibition and Conference to be held in Regina, in August, 1932. This exhibition promises to be the largest of its kind ever held. About \$500,000 is to be offered in prize money.

Cases for wheat, oats, barley, rye and other grains and seeds will probably attract growers from all over the world for prizes offered for these classes run from \$50 to \$150,000. The wheat and rye classes will be held in Regina, in August, 1932. This exhibition promises to be the largest of its kind ever held. About \$500,000 is to be offered in prize money.

The Conference to be held at the same time as the exhibition, will be expected to attract the world's great experts on agronomy, entomology, farm machinery, etc., who will make some very definite contribution to world knowledge on these important subjects.

Regina, where this promising attraction is to be held, is a very modern city of about 55,000 population, the capital of the province of Saskatchewan and situated in the centre of the greatest grain growing area in the world.

Old Family Album

Photographers Say "This Belle Of Former Days Is Coming Back"

The old family album, which furnishes the "moderns" with gleeful moments over the appearance of ancestors, is coming back—perhaps to do the same for future generations. Photographers, meeting in convention here recently, declared beauty, hair and modern styles for women have restored the popularity of photographs. They expect the old-fashioned album, which was the pride of the home, to be the same for future generations.

Photographers, meeting in convention here recently, declared beauty, hair and modern styles for women have restored the popularity of photographs. They expect the old-fashioned album, which was the pride of the home, to be the same for future generations.

The Turk's Clock

Watches and clocks are rare in some parts of Turkey, but the natives have some ingenious mode of telling the time. One is by observing the eyes of a cat. Early in the morning and evening the pupils are round. At certain hours they are oval; at noon they are but a narrow slit.

PATENTS

A List Of "Wanted Inventions" and Full Information Sent Free On Request.

THE RAMSAY CO. 187 OTTAWA, CAN.

ZIG-ZAG

Light Cigarette Papers

Large Double Book

Find Out How Easy It Is To Make

Corn's

Quick Relief!

POTNAM'S

Corn Extractor

W. N. U. 1812

We Appreciate The Patronage

Of all the people in Redcliff
and Surrounding District.

We wish you all
A Happy New Year

CECIL T. HALL

Druggist

Kindly Accept Our

Hearty Thanks

For your patronage during the past year.
We trust that by fair dealings, good goods
and prompt service to merit a continuance
of the same during the coming year.

E. T. COOKE

Third St. Service and Satisfaction Phone 42

Let us take advantage at this, the
close of 1929, to Extend to our court-
omers our sincere thanks for their pat-
ronage during the year, and to Express
the hope that it may be continued dur-
ing the coming year which we hope
will be

A Most Happy One For You All

THE HICKS TRADING CO.

Interesting Local Items

Ken McKay, of Calgary, spent
Christmas with his parents, Mr.
and Mrs. G. McKay.

Mrs. Johnson, formerly of the
school staff here, is spending the
Christmas holidays in town with
her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Harry
Johnson.

St. Mary's Church held a
Christmas tree last Monday after-
noon. There was a good atten-
dance of children of the congrega-
tion and a most enjoyable
afternoon was spent.

NOTICE

Re: Tilley East Area Leases

The Board appointed to ad-
minister lands in the above area
will proceed to allocate leases as
at February 1st, 1930, and ap-
plications now in the hands of
the Board, and any others arriv-
ing up to that date, will be then
dealt with.

All applications should be
made to the Secretary, Tilley
East Area Board, Care of De-
partment of Municipal Affairs,
Edmonton.

Cesspool Contract

For Redcliff School District No.
2283, for 1930
The Tenders marked "Ces-
spool Contract" will be received
up to 12 o'clock, noon, on Dec-
26th, 1929, giving price for the
work under the usual contract
(which can be seen at the office
of the Secretary). The lowest
tender not necessarily
accepted.

KEETLEY JOHNSON
Secretary-Treasurer

A Happy New Year To You All

At the same time many
thanks for your patronage
during the past year. I
sincerely hope that the
same support and congen-
ial relationships which have
been experienced in the past
may be continued in the
coming year.

ALEX MASKELL

We wish to thank our Customers
and Friends for their Patronage
during the past year and to ex-
press the hope that you may all
have

A Happy & Prosperous
NEW YEAR

CHAMP'S BAKERY

P. Campeau & Son

Wish to Extend to their Patrons their
hearty thanks for patronage during
1929, and to Wish you all may have

The Happiest New Year

You Have Ever Had

Meat, Groceries & Hardware

In Expressing to you our appreciation
of the many courtesies received during
the past year May we extend to you
our best wishes for

Health, Happiness & Prosperity

During the Coming Year

G. H. Worts

A Most Prosperous NEW YEAR

Yours for quality and Low Prices

The S. E. Gust Stores Ltd.

R. CANN, Manager

1930
Resolve to Open
A NEW ACCOUNT
that will be
A Real
SAVINGS ACCOUNT

ANY BRANCH OF THE BANK WILL
BE GLAD TO HAVE YOUR ACCOUNT.
IMPERIAL BANK
OF CANADA
REDCLIFF BRANCH
A. MCKENZIE, Manager

The Review wishes its readers

A Happy New Year

FLEMING'S
Coats Selling Rapidly
WE ADVISE IMMEDIATE SELECTION BEFORE
THEY ARE ALL SOLD.

Half Price off all Coats from 42.50 up	One Third Off all Coats from \$16.95 to 39.00
--	---

WOMEN ALWAYS APPRECIATE PERSONAL
GIFTS THEY CAN WEAR

Drop in and see the magnificent display of silk Under-
wear and countless Novelties

Medicine Hat

Phone 3720

Sollway Mills & Co. Ltd. BROKERS

Have Opened an Office in Medicine Hat at 562, 2nd St.

Daily Quotations on

Mines, Oils and Grain

12,000 Miles of Private Wire

The Board Room will be open on Saturday evenings
for the convenience of Redcliff clients.

H. O. DUGGAN, Manager

Phone 3144

Medicine Hat

CAMEO THEATRE

Monday, Dec. 30th

BEBE DANIELS

In

"What A Night"

Comedy - - - - - Single Bliss

TARZAN -- the -- MIGHTY

Usual Prices

Tues., Dec. 31st & Wed., Jan. 1st

King of Kings

Admission, Adults 50c plus tax
Admission, Children 25c plus tax

No Show Thursday

How Is Your Subscription?